

## Hopkinsville Market.

Corrected Every Thursday!

## GROCERIES.

[THESE ARE RETAIL PRICES]

Apples, per peck, 60c.  
 Beans, white, per lb., 5c.  
 Coffee, Arbuckle's, per lb., 17c.  
 Coffee, roasted, 20c to 35c.  
 Coffee, green, 12c to 25c.  
 Tea, green, per lb., 60 to 80c.  
 Tea, black, per lb., 40c to 50c.  
 Cheese, cream, 20c lb., straight  
 Phila. Apple, 65c to \$1.25  
 Edam, \$1.25  
 Sweitzer, 50c lb.  
 Sugar, granulated, 17 lbs., \$1.00  
 Sugar, light brown, 17 lbs., \$1.00  
 Sugar, dark brown, 20 lbs., \$1.00  
 Sugar, Cuba, 20 lbs. for \$1.00  
 Sugar, XXXX, 20 lbs. for \$1.00  
 Flour, patent, per bbl., \$4.80  
 Flour, family, per bbl., \$4.40  
 Graham, per 100 lbs., \$3.20  
 Meal, per bushel, 70c.  
 Hominy, 20c gallon.  
 Oats, 20c gallon.  
 Fat Flakes, package, 10c to 15c.  
 Fat Flakes, bulk, 5c lb.

## VEGETABLES.

Sweet potatoes, per peck, 25c  
 Irish potatoes, per peck, 30c.  
 Radishes, per lb., 3c.  
 Onions, per peck, 30c.  
 Turnips, per peck, 20c.  
 Celery, 5c and 10c a bunch.

## CANNED GOODS.

Cranberries, per quart 20c.  
 Corn, per doz. cans, \$1.00 to \$1.50  
 Tomatoes, 12 cans, \$1.00 to \$1.50  
 Peas, from 10c to 30c per can.  
 Hominy, 10c per can.  
 Pork and Beans, 10c and 15c.  
 Apples, gallon can, 35c.  
 Beans, per can, 10c.  
 Kidney Beans, 10c can.  
 Lima Beans, per can, 10c.  
 Korona, per can, 20c.  
 Squash, per can, 10c.  
 Peaches, 10c to 40c per can.  
 Apricots, per can, 25c to 35c.  
 Pear, per can, 10c to 35c.  
 Plumbers, per can, 25c to 35c.  
 Strawberries, per can, 30c to 45c.  
 Green Gage Plums, per can, 25c  
 Green, per lb., 20c and 25c.  
 Butter, 10c.  
 Package, per lb., 10c.  
 Raisins, 10c and 15c package  
 Raisins, layer, 15c lb.  
 Evaporated Peaches, 15c lb.  
 Evaporated Apples, 10c lb.  
 Evap. Apricots, 15c to 20c lb.  
 Prunes, 10c per lb.

## COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Backbones, per lb., 7c.  
 Spareribs, per lb., 8c.  
 Country Sausage, per lb., 12c.  
 Hams, country, per lb., 15c.  
 Packers' hams, per lb., 15c.  
 Shoulders, per lb., 10c.  
 Sides, per lb., 10c.  
 Lard, per lb., 12c.  
 Honey, per lb., 12c

## POULTRY.

Eggs, 15c doz. Hens, 7c lb.  
 Young Chickens, each 15c to 30c  
 Turkeys, fat, per lb., 7c to 12c.  
 Ducks, per lb., 6c.  
 Rooters, per lb., 3c.  
 Full feather geese, per doz. \$3.30

## Wholesale Prices.

## GRAIN.

No. 2 Northern mixed oats, per  
 bushel, 45c; No. 1 Timothy hay, per  
 ton, \$16.00; No. 2 Timothy hay, per  
 ton, \$10.00; No. 1 Clover Hay, per  
 ton, \$12.00; Mixed Clover Hay and  
 Timothy hay, per ton, \$12.50.

## POULTRY, EGGS AND BUTTER.

Prices paid by wholesale dealers  
 to the producers and dairymen:  
 Live Poultry—Hens, per lb., 7c;  
 large springs, 10c, 8c.  
 Butter—Packing, packing stock,  
 per lb., 12c.  
 Eggs—Per dozen, 12c.

## HIDES, WOOL AND TALLOW.

Prices paid by wholesale dealers  
 to butchers and farmers:

Roots—Southern ginseng, \$6.00  
 lb.; "Golden Seal" yellow root,  
 10c lb.; Mayapple, 2c; pink root,  
 12c and 13c.

Tallow—No. 1, 4c; No. 3, 3c.

Wool—Burry 12 to 20; Clear  
 grease, 25c to 30c; Medium, tub-  
 washed, 35c to 40c; Coarse, dingy,  
 tub-washed, 33c to 36c; Black wool  
 25c.

Feathers—Prime white goose,  
 45c; dark and mixed old goose, 25c  
 to 35c; gray mixed, 15c to 30c; white  
 duck, 35c.

Hides and Skins—These quota-  
 tions are for Kentucky hides;  
 Southern green hides 1-4c lower.  
 We quote assorted lots: dry flint,  
 No. 1, 16c to 18c; No. 2, 14c; round  
 lots green salted beef hides, 10c.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the  
Signature of *Dr. J. C. H. H. H.*DRAUGHON'S  
Business Colleges

Colleges in 15 States. POSITIONS secured.  
 Money REFUNDED. Also teach by MAIL.  
 Catalogues will convince you that Draughon's is  
 the BEST. Address J. F. Draughon, Pres.,  
 HANVILLE, PADUCAH, NASHVILLE or ST. LOUIS

## RAISES FOUR-LEAF CLOVER.

Amsterdam Professor Has Become an  
 Adept in the Art of Controlling  
 Work of Nature.

Four-leafed clovers may be  
 grown in abundance on lawns or  
 in flower beds. The raising of four-  
 leaved clovers has been made pos-  
 sible by Prof. De Vries, of Amster-  
 dam, who has found a plant  
 bearing six or seven four-leaved  
 clovers, capable of being trans-  
 planted. He first sowed them, and  
 since then he has had a new gen-  
 eration each year. Each time he  
 chose his seeds from a fourth of  
 the best plants; that is, from  
 those which had the most four or  
 five-leaved clovers. It was the  
 third generation which began to  
 be rich in the desired form of leaf-  
 lets, but only with four and five  
 leaflets, and these only in the adult  
 plant. During August and Sep-  
 tember of the same year he re-  
 marked a very few with seven  
 leaflets. At this point he reduced  
 his selection to a severe standard.  
 He chose for his progenitors only  
 those plants having two-thirds of  
 all their leaves with four or more  
 leaflets. But he had discovered a  
 curious fact that much simplified  
 his selection from then on. In  
 sowing clover one may observe  
 that the first leaf of each young  
 and subsequent leaflets have regu-  
 larly three leaflets. This knowl-  
 edge made it possible for him to  
 make his selection much more  
 quickly. He had only to choose  
 the young clovers with compound  
 leaves and transplant them from  
 his glass house to his garden,  
 leaving the others to perish. Thus  
 he did not need so many hundred  
 individuals as before, though each  
 year he still selected some thou-  
 sands of seedlings from their sow-  
 ing pots. At last, after eight  
 years of effort, the new variety of  
 clover came into existence. Of  
 this crop nearly all young plants  
 had their first leaf compounded,  
 and all, with few exceptions, were  
 five leaved.

## WORLD'S OLDEST INDUSTRY

Salt Diving in the Dead Sea Survival  
 of Ancient Industry—Work  
 Near Jordan's Mouth.

There are in the Holy Land but  
 few industries and these of the  
 most primitive kind, says the  
 Technical World. The awful deso-  
 lation of the Dead sea, however,  
 which lies nearly 1,300 feet below  
 the level of the Mediterranean, is  
 broken here and there by the salt  
 divers, whose work is probably as  
 ancient as the human race itself.  
 From remotest antiquity the salt  
 of the Dead sea has been collected  
 and brought to the Jerusalem mar-  
 ket, where it is used for curing  
 hides and for domestic purposes.  
 Dead sea water contains over  
 25 per cent. of solid substance, of  
 which seven per cent. is chloride  
 of sodium, or common salt. It is  
 chloride of magnesium which  
 gives the water its horribly bitter  
 taste, while the chloride of cal-  
 cium makes it feel smooth and oily to  
 the touch, so that after the very  
 curious sensation of a bath in the  
 Dead sea, the skin retains an oily  
 sensation.

The Dead sea contains no living  
 creature; sea fish put into its wa-  
 ters speedily die. Not a single boat  
 navigates its strange waters nor  
 is there any sign of life, save the  
 isolated parties of salt divers,  
 who scrape and slowly amass their  
 precious glistening heaps of crys-  
 tal near the mouth of the Jordan.  
 When a sufficient cargo is made  
 ready a long string of camels  
 crosses the desert; and the salt is  
 loaded up into panniers or "shwer-  
 ries," and taken into Jerusalem,  
 where it finds a ready market.

## Thrill.

"Estelle, that is an abominably  
 cooked steak. You can cook bet-  
 ter than that."

"Oh, but, mother," expostulated  
 the young wife, "if I cook my best  
 Harold will eat it all and there  
 will be nothing left for croquettes  
 and things."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

## Getting Back.

"Don't be afraid of me, miss,"  
 said the masher; "I wouldn't kill a  
 flea."

"No, I don't think you would,"  
 said the bright girl; "it takes a  
 clever man to kill a flea."—Yon-  
 kers Statesman.

## Try It.

A contemporary asks: "Can a  
 gentleman swear?" Step on his  
 corns.—N. Y. Herald.

HEALTH  
INSURANCE

The man who insures his life is  
 wise for his family.

The man who insures his health  
 is wise both for his family and  
 himself.

You may insure health by guard-  
 ing it. It is worth guarding.

At the first attack of disease,  
 which generally approaches  
 through the LIVER and mani-  
 fests itself in innumerable ways

## Tutt's Pills

And save your health.

Lexington has had a \$150,000 fire,  
 with Richmond a close second.

## How to Prevent Bilious Attacks

One who is subject to bilious at-  
 tacks will notice that for a day or  
 more before the attack he is not hun-  
 gry at meal times and feels dull af-  
 ter eating. A dose of Chamberlain's  
 Stomach and Liver Tablets when  
 these first symptoms appear will  
 ward off the attack. They are for  
 sale by L. L. Elgin & Anderson &  
 Fowler, up-to-date druggists.

Mountain county farmers clamor-  
 ing for better road legislation.

A balloon sent up at London made  
 a safe trip across the channel and 20  
 miles into France, making the trip  
 in a little more than four hours.

Elizabethtown council has bought  
 a site for a new city hall.

## Are You Restless at Night

And harassed by a bad cough? Use  
 Ballard's Horehound Syrup, it will  
 secure you sound sleep and effect a  
 prompt and radical cure.

Sold by Cook &amp; Higgins.

Barbourville folks talk of a build-  
 ing and loan association.

## CASTORIA

Bears the  
 Signature of *Dr. J. C. H. H. H.*

Another telephone company wants  
 a franchise in Lancaster.

Fifty-three burials in Lancaster  
 cemetery during 1905.

## CASTORIA

Bears the  
 Signature of *Dr. J. C. H. H. H.*

## Sewerage System Ready.

The Hopkinsville Sewerage Com-  
 pany will for the present extend  
 house laterals from the mains to the  
 curb without charge. No charge  
 will be made for the use of sewers  
 until April 1st, 1906. All parties  
 desiring to connect with the sewers  
 can save money by doing so at once.  
 Applications, prices, &c., &c., will  
 be furnished by C. S. Jackson, Secy.,  
 or R. C. Hardwick, Treas.

Hopkinsville, Sewerage Co.  
(Incorporated.)

## Cheap Rates To Nashville.

Account of performance "Ben  
 Hur" Nashville, Feb. 19th, 21st, and  
 24th. Illinois Central will make a  
 rate of one and one third fare for  
 the round trip, limited tickets to one  
 day from date of sale.

There will be an afternoon Matinee  
 on Feb. 21st, and 24th.

J. B. MALLON, Agent.

## Special Low Rates

To all points in Montana, Idaho,  
 Washington, Oregon and British  
 Columbia, February 15th to April  
 1st, 1906. Round Trip Homeseek-  
 ers' Tickets on special days. Write  
 at once for information and maps to  
 Ira F. Schwegel, Traveling Agent,  
 Wisconsin Central R'y, 407 Traction  
 Bldg., Cincinnati, O.

## Through Cars to New York

Via Pennsylvania Short Lines.  
 Leave Louisville 1 p. m. daily, pas-  
 sengers go to New York without  
 stepping from the train. Meals re-  
 quired en route to Pittsburgh served  
 in dining cars a la carte—  
 only for what you order. Write to  
 C. H. Hagerty, District Passenger  
 Agent, Louisville, Ky. (5)

## BOYD &amp; POOL

## BARBERS.

7th Street, Hopkinsville, Ky.  
 Especial Attention given to  
 Patrons, Clean Linen, Satis-  
 factory Service. Call and be  
 convinced.

Bath Rooms in Connection  
 Baths 25 cents.

Leave Orders for

POOL'S ORCHESTRA.

## ORIGIN OF THE HAT BAND.

Reasons for the Plume on the Left  
 Side and Buttons on the Coat  
 Told by Lecturer.

Wilfred Webb, at a meeting of  
 the Windsor and Eaton Scientific  
 and Archaeological society in Lon-  
 don, recently spoke interestingly  
 of the evolution of dress.

From prehistoric drawings it  
 would appear, he said, that our  
 early ancestors were clothed with  
 hair and had little necessity for  
 artificial covering. Judging from  
 primitive races at the present day,  
 clothing was not first adopted as a  
 protection from the weather.

Just as the zoologist learns  
 much concerning the ancestry of  
 animals from the little features  
 which survive in their bodily  
 structure, so can the history of  
 dress be evolved. Starting with  
 the hat, it was shown that the hat  
 band can be traced to a fillet which  
 held in shape a simple piece of  
 cloth. Sometimes this fillet was  
 tied in a bow behind, the tails of  
 which survive in the Scotch cap,  
 the sailor hat and the bishop's  
 mitre.

A little bow inside the lining  
 of the hat is the survival of a lac-  
 ing which kept the lining in shape,  
 or possibly takes us back to a time  
 when a hat was made by putting a  
 string through holes in a flat piece  
 of leather, and, by tightening it,  
 producing a crown. The plumes in  
 hats are on the left side because in  
 early times the adornments were  
 so big that they would have seri-  
 ously interfered with the use of  
 the sword if worn on the right.  
 The helmet of the fireman is prac-  
 tically identical with those worn  
 by the ancient Greeks.

The large white collar, such as  
 Milton wore, is still in a smaller  
 form worn by the clergymen who  
 preach in Geneva gowns and by  
 Bluecoat boys. Buttons on coat  
 sleeves point to a time when coats  
 were very costly, and it was cus-  
 tomary to turn back the sleeves so  
 that they should not be soiled.

Mr. Webb also discussed the  
 origin of the two buttons on the  
 back of the coat, and said he could  
 find no satisfactory reason why in  
 European countries the buttons on  
 men's clothes should be always on  
 the right side and those of the  
 women on the left.

The possible connection be-  
 tween the ornamentation on mod-  
 ern boots and the openwork shoes  
 of the Romans was pointed out.  
 The fact that a "clock" means a  
 "gusset" suggested that the orna-  
 mentation which we know by the  
 former name may have been origi-  
 nally intended to hide the joins in  
 a stocking when it was made from  
 pieces of cloth.

## MOONSTROKE—SEA DANGER

Sailor Relates Yarn of Queer Inci-  
 dent on Long Voyage—Ill from  
 Effects Two Days.

"People laugh at moonstrokes,"  
 said a sailor. "They call them  
 shellbacks' superstition. I once  
 had a moonstroke, though, and I  
 tell you it was no laughing mat-  
 ter."

"In a full moon, one night in the  
 tropics, I fell asleep on deck. The  
 moon shone directly on me. I lay  
 in a white pool of moonlight. So  
 three hours went by.

"Then, when they woke me, I  
 felt like a man in a dream. My  
 mouth hung open, as it does when  
 I sleep, and I couldn't close it, and  
 my head lay over on the side and  
 I couldn't straighten it up.

"Nor could I understand what  
 people said to me, nor could I obey  
 orders. Voices I'd hear far away,  
 but they seemed meaningless, un-  
 pleasant. I was very drowsy.  
 All I wanted was sleep.

"They worked on me for two  
 days, rubbing me down with cold  
 water and dosing me with castor  
 oil, before they brought me round.  
 And always, after that, I have  
 been careful never to sleep where  
 the moon's rays could get at me.  
 My moonstroke happened eight  
 years ago, but still at every full  
 moon I am stupid and drowsy, my  
 head droops a little to one side and  
 my mouth tends to hang open.

"There's many a sailor has been  
 moonstruck; but this accident  
 never befalls landmen. Land-  
 men, you see, never sleep out of  
 doors."

## Too Thick.

If you are silly enough to flirt  
 with trouble you are likely to find  
 yourself married to it sooner or  
 later.

## TO DELICATE WOMEN

You will never get well and strong, bright, hap-  
 py, hearty and free from pain, until you build up your  
 constitution with a nerve refreshing, blood-making  
 tonic, like

## Wine of Cardui

It Makes Pale Cheeks Pink

It is a pure, harmless, medicinal tonic, made from vegetable  
 ingredients, which relieve female pain and distress, such as headache,  
 backache, bowel ache, dizziness, chills, scanty or profuse menstrua-  
 tion, dragging down pains, etc.

It is a building, strength-making medicine for women, the only  
 medicine that is certain to do you good. Try it.

Sold by every druggist in \$1.00 bottles.

## WRITE US A LETTER

freely and frankly, in strictest confi-  
 dence, telling us all your symptoms and  
 troubles. We will send free advice  
 (in plain sealed envelope), how to  
 cure them. Address: Ladies' Advisory  
 Dept., The Chattanooga Medicine Co.,  
 Chattanooga, Tenn.

## "YOU ARE FRIENDS

of mine," writes Mrs. F. L. Jones, of  
 Gallatin, Tenn.:  
 "For since taking Cardui I have  
 gained 35 lbs., and am in better health  
 than for the past 9 years. I tell my  
 husband that Cardui is worth its  
 weight in gold to all suffering ladies."

## Where Health and Pleasure May be Found!

Dawson Springs, Kentucky

## HOTEL - ARCADIA.

The waters are world wide in the celebrity. The Hotel,  
 with a capacity to take care of 200 people, is situated on the  
 Kentucky Division of the L & N R. R. about 200 feet from the rail-  
 road station, surrounded by a beautiful maple grove. The old  
 chalybeate well is in the yard, and the celebrated salts well  
 about 100 yards from the Hotel. The wells are owned by the  
 Hotel Arcadia and the guests of the Hotel have free access to  
 them. An Italian Band will be in attendance during the entire  
 season.

## RATES.

\$2 per Day! \$10 per Week!  
 \$35 per Month!

Children 10 years and under \$5 per week!  
 Nurses and Maids \$1 per day!

For further particulars apply to N. M. Holman &amp; Co.

HOTEL ARCADIA, Dawson Springs, Ky

## \$5,000 Found by Accident.

In 1867 Mr. Thomas H. Penick, of Gordonsville,  
 Ky., insured for \$5,000 in

THE  
MUTUAL - BENEFIT

Life Insurance Co.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

He did not pay the premium due in 1879; but  
 instead of taking a paid-up policy for \$830.00, he  
 allowed his insurance to be extended for 6 years  
 and 63 days, making in all 18 years and 62 days' in-  
 surance at an average yearly cost of \$8.72 per  
 thousand. Mr. Penick died in Jan. 1885, more  
 than 5 years after lapse of the policy, which, how-  
 ever, was promptly paid in full by the Company.

## A Mutual Benefit

Policy where TWO YEARS' premiums have been paid, protects a man's  
 family when by neglect, carelessness, inability or sickness his policy lapses.  
 SPECIMEN POLICIES FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.

W. W. DENNIS &amp; CO., State Agts.,

506 West Main Street, Louisville, Ky.

Henry D. Wallace, Resident Agent,  
 Hopkinsville, Kentucky.

## J. K. TWYMAN!

GROCERIES! You get what you order when you order  
 Groceries at Twyman's. We make it a point  
 to always have what you want.

CANNED GOODS, Anything you want in the Can Goods line  
 will be found at Twyman's. Fresh stock ar-  
 riving daily. Come and inspect our stock.

ETC. Also Christian county Sorghum, fresh on tap.  
 New Mackerel, Oat Flakes and Oat Meal and  
 country dried Apples.

IN FACT EVERYTHING USUALLY KEPT IN A  
 FIRST-CLASS GROCERY. CALL AND SEE US.

HOME PHONE 1122. J. K. TWYMAN, CUMBERLAND  
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 209 SOUTH MAIN ST., HOPKINSVILLE, KY.